

Geography: Whole-School Curriculum Progression Map



Geographical Theme	EYFS (30 - 50mths to ELGs)	к	S1	Ks2				
	Reception All About Me (Local Geography – Thame) T1 Diwali – India T2 Chinese New Year – China T3	Year 1 Continents	Year 2 Making the local area safer (T1) Thame market (T4) At the farm (T5) AustraliaT6)	Year 3 The Arctic (T3) Towns, cities and counties (T4) Physical and human features (T4) Identify and compare characteristics of UK and non-UK localities (T5)	Year 4	Year 5 The Amazon - Rainforests	Year 6 Wales – Field week research South Africa World Geography WW1- now	
The Uk and Local Area	Understanding the World (People and Communities) Children know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.	Can locate seven continents on a world map and make comparisons with their own locality Use geographical vocabulary to label diagrams and/or photographs (school environment) Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries of the UK Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold places in relation to the equator, north and south pole	Explain where they live and describe some of the physical features of their school and hometown Understand geographical differences by studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK and a small non- European contrasting country Use geographical vocabulary to label diagrams and/or photographs (local town environment/farming)	independently to describe and compare localities Identify and compare characteristics of UK and non-UK localities Describe where the UK is located, and name and locate its four countries and some counties; locate where they live in the UK. Can relate continent, country, county, city/where you live.	cities on a UK map Look at how a locality has changed over time and suggest ways that it could change/be	UK, e.g. coastal environments, the UK's significant rivers and mountains.	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of UK and a region outside of Europe	

			Can name, locate and	Describe where the UK is	Accurately locate where	Identify and describe	Locate, with accuracy, the
The Uk and Local Area	Prioritise or decide which features are most important in the local	Compare and contrast	identify characteristics of	located, and name and		contrasting physical	UK's major urban areas,
	area – justify these choices. (Why)		the four countries and	locate a range of cities and	chey nice in the ort doing	0. /	knowing their distinct
Greater Depth		Which are the most	capital cities of	counties;	(north, south, east,	coastal, river, hill and	characteristics and how
(Exceeding)		important? Justify their	the United Kingdom and its	,	west).	mountain environments, and	-
			surrounding seas on a range			how they change.	time.
			of maps		Describe and locate and		Identify and explain broad
		Propose features the local			describe several		land-use patterns of the UK
		community might need in	Can discuss, identify and		contrasting physical		
		the future.	reason about the local area		environments in the UK		
			and its		identifying similarities		
			physical and human		and differences.		
			geography.				
			(E.g. Investigate how				
			other people view the local				
			area, e.g. tourism websites.				
			Create a vocabulary list of				
			the human and physical				
			features of the local area				
			and how people can use				
			and change these. Describe				
			these features and locate				
			them on a map using				
			images or drawings.)				
The World and Continents		Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold places in	Understand geographical differences by studying the human and physical		climate zones on a globe or map and describe the characteristics of these	Locate some major cities and countries of Europe and North and South America on physical and political maps. Describe some key physical and human characteristics of Europe and North and South America.	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of UK and a region within North/South America

Greater Depth (Exceeding)	Identify and describe the relative locations of the continents and oceans to the equator and North and South Poles. Compare and identify differences and similarities between continents.	habitat of a significant animal in relation to the Poles and Equator.	Hemisphere and Southern	them on humans	Locate places and regions of Europe and North and South America, and can identify the distinct characteristics of some regions .	Describe, compare and contrast key physical and human characteristics, and environmental regions of Europe and North and South America.
Physical Themes	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold places in relation to the equator, north and south pole Talk about a natural environment, naming its features using some key vocabulary. (E.g. Make a place in a box that shows the habitat of an animal)	and describe some of the physical features of their	and relate this to the position of the Equator and the Poles	temperate and polar climate zones on a globe or map and describe the characteristics of these zones using appropriate vocabulary.	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of UK and a region within North/South America Understand and describe key aspects of physical geography (climate zones, biomes, rivers etc) Understand that climate and vegetation are connected in an example of a biome , e.g. the tropical rainforest Can understand that animals and plants are adapted to the climate.	Understand how climate and vegetation are connected in biomes , e.g. the tropical rainforest and the desert. Describe what the climate of a region is like and how plants and animals are adapted to it. Understand how food production is influenced by climate.

Greater Depth (Exceeding)	Can they explain the impact that physical features have on the local environment?	Can show awareness that the weather may vary in different parts of the UK and in different parts of the world. Can describe the weather conditions using correct terminology.	Discuss confidently about how seasons change throughout the year and characteristic weather associated with those seasons.	Compare and contrast the hot or cold areas of the world. Identify and describe physical features, explaining how they are formed.	polar climate zones on a globe or map and describe the	in a range of biomes , e.g. the tropical rainforest, a hot desert, the Arctic.)	Explain climate patterns of a region , describe the characteristics of a biome , what its climate is like and how plants and animals are adapted to it. Relate climate to food production
Human Themes			Use geographical vocabulary to label diagrams and/or photographs (local town environment/farming) Identify a range of human environments, such as the local area and contrasting settlements, and describe them and some of the activities that occur there using key vocabulary.	Identify and sequence different human environments, such as the local area and contrasting settlements such as a village and a city. Recognise features and some activities that occur in different settlements using a range of key vocabulary. Recognise the main land uses within urban areas and the key characteristics of rural areas.	Look at how a locality has changed over time and suggest ways that it could change/be improved in the future Cn research and collect information about people or a place and present it Use appropriate vocabulary to describe the main land uses within urban areas and identify the key characteristics of rural areas.	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of UK and a region within North/South America	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of UK and a region outside of Europe Understand and describe key aspects of human geography and how they might affect the future (land use, economic activity including trade links and the distribution of natural resources)

Greater Depth (Exceeding)			Identify different human environments, such as the local area and contrasting settlements such as a village and a city. Describe their features and activities that occur there using a range of key vocabulary.	which they feel are the most important?	settlements with different functions and of different sizes, e.g. coastal towns.	what life is like in cities and in villages and in a range of settlement sizes in different parts of the world.	Explain how, and offer reasons why, the types of industry in the area have changed over time. Understand where our energy and natural resources come from, and the impacts of their use.
Understanding Places and Connections	Understanding the World (The World) Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another.	Describe an aspect of the physical and human geography of a distant place. Show awareness of their locality and identify one or two ways it is different and similar to the distant place.	and describe, the local area and its physical and human geography.	its contrasting human and physical environments. Recognise that some	collect information about people or a place and present it Explain why some regions are different from others.	biome (including the oceans) is valuable and under threat from human activity. Understand how human activity is influenced by climate and weather. Understand hazards from physical environments such as avalanches in mountain regions .	Understand and explain the importance of a region in Europe and in North or South America, its human and physical environment, and how they are connected. Explain why biomes are under threat and a range of ways they could be protected for the future. Understand how human activity is influenced by climate and weather. Understand and explain that no one type of energy production will provide all our energy needs.

Greater Depth (Exceeding)	Exceeding Can they describe some actions which people in their own community do that help maintain the area they live in?	geographical questions	Suggest how a local area is connected to another location given reasons for their suggestions. Show empathy towards a geographical event or issue and explain the impact on people or places	Explain why some regions are different from others.	Explain why some regions are different from others and give reasons why some are similar. Justifying their reasons. Can make links using prior knowledge and ask and answer geographical questions	explain the causes of hazards from physical environments and their management, such as avalanches in mountain regions .	
Mapwork and Atlas Work		Identify features of a locality using a map (school environment) Use geographical vocabulary to label diagrams and/or photographs (school environment) Can use aerial photos to identify features of locality. Draw a simple map. (<i>E.g.</i> <i>Create models of</i> <i>landmarks seen</i>) Locate some features of the school grounds on a base map. Use simple compass directions	locality using a map (local town environment) Use geographical vocabulary to label diagrams and/or	Use an atlas to describe where the UK is located, and name and locate its four countries and some counties; locate where they live in the UK. Use an atlas to locate where they live in the UK and the UK's major urban areas.	Use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some major urban areas; locate where they live in the UK.	maps, atlases, and computer mapping to describe some key physical and human characteristics of Europe or North and South America.	-

Greater Depth (Exceeding)	Can locate features of the school grounds on a base map?	the local area locating	Confidently use a world map, atlas or globe to locate the continents and oceans relative to the Equator and	describe their location	Can accurately use an atlas to locate many countries, cities and key features in Europe or	Choose which maps to use to support a fact or opinion on an	Can gather statistics and analyse data to look for trends
		seen on the journey.	North and South Poles. Confidently use a range of maps and satellite images to locate and identify the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Accurately describe a journey on a map of the local area locating features and landmarks seen on the journey.	in relation to each other.	North and South America. Describing their location using correct terminology.	area/region. Justify their choice.	
Fieldwork and Investigation		vocabulary to label diagrams and/or photographs (school environment) Use simple compass directions	Identify features of a locality using a map (local town environment) Use geographical vocabulary to label diagrams and/or photographs (local town environment/farming)	Ask basic questions about different locations and use basic primary/ secondary resources to answer them.	can ask questions, analyse a range of		Use field work to observe, measure and record and then present their research

Greater Depth (Exceeding)		r c i i t t	Compose a detailed map of a short route with features in the correct order and in the correct places. Accurately present nformation gathered in fieldwork using a range of graphs. Use the zoom function to explore places at different scales and add	a geographical issue, justifying their viewpoint and adapt thinking as new	Design, plan and carry out a fieldwork investigation in an urban area and/or a rural area using appropriate techniques.
		a Z	different scales and add annotations. E.g. Using Google Earth independently		